Global Markets Monitor

TUESDAY, MARCH 23, 2021

- US bank stocks underperform amid concerns SLR could lead to balance sheet cuts (link)
- Germany imposes new lockdown over Easter break as infections rise (link)
- New Zealand tightens rules to curb property speculation (link)
- Turkish assets remain under pressure as financing conditions tighten (link)
- India cancels weekly bond auction following cash balance review (link)
- Brazilian inflation expectations continue to rise despite recent policy rate increase (link)

<u>US</u> | <u>Europe</u> | <u>Other Mature</u> | <u>Emerging Markets</u> | <u>Market Tables</u>

Virus concerns stifles risk appetite

Equities are trading moderately lower this morning as risk sentiment remains on edge amid further European lockdowns and broader concerns around near-term virus risks. Yesterday, US Treasury yields eased after returning from the weekend, clearing a path for a rebound in equities. Rallying tech shares drove most of the S&P 500's gains, while some of the more recently favored cyclical stocks in the financial and energy sectors faded. The VIX slipped back below 20. However, the relative calm in markets gave way to more anxiety overnight with nearly all major bourses in Asia closing lower, European equities pulling back, and core yields lower with 10-year Treasury yields down another 5 bps. News confirming Germany is extending lockdown measures and a rise in virus cases, even in places where vaccine rollout is underway, has tempered the positive re-opening narrative. The re-opening headwinds are also contributing to the building worries around weaker global oil demand with Brent prices down close to 4% this morning. Following the sharp declines yesterday, Turkish assets remain volatile as financing conditions have tightened amid elevated local bond yields and sharply higher offshore lira funding rates.

Key Global Financial Indicators

Last updated:	Leve		C				
3/23/21 8:04 AM	Last 12m	Latest	1 Day	7 Days	30 Days	12 M	YTD
Equities				9	%		%
S&P 500		3941	0.7	-1	2	76	5
Eurostoxx 50	Mary Mary Mary	3831	-0.1	-1	4	54	8
Nikkei 225		28996	-0.6	-3	-4	72	6
MSCI EM		54	-0.3	0	-4	76	4
Yields and Spreads		bps					
US 10y Yield	www.	1.64	-5.6	2	30	85	73
Germany 10y Yield	My Money war and a second	-0.35	-3.5	-1	-3	3	22
EMBIG Sovereign Spread	m	350	5	-5	1	-324	0
FX / Commodities / Volatility				9	%		
EM FX vs. USD, (+) = appreciation	who work	56.5	-0.4	0	-2	7	-2
Dollar index, (+) = \$ appreciation	man	92.1	0.4	0	2	-10	2
Brent Crude Oil (\$/barrel)	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	62.2	-3.8	-9	-5	130	20
VIX Index (%, change in pp)	munumen.	19.5	0.6	0	-4	-42	-3

Colors denote tightening/easing financial conditions for observations greater than ±1.5 standard deviations. Data source: Bloomberg.

United States back to top

On Monday, the S&P 500 rose 1%, with tech companies leading equity gains. Ten-year Treasury yields fell 4 bps, attributed mostly to changes in real yields Other risk assets remained virtually unchanged.

US GSIBs could issue preferred shares or cut back balance sheets to compensate for the removal of SLR exemptions. The KBW US bank equity index has declined close to 3% since last Friday as markets have started to price that a more binding SLR constraint could cause the largest US banks to either issue preferred stock or cut back balance sheets. Morgan Stanley analysts report that without temporary SLR exemptions some US GSIBs will be close to hitting the regulatory threshold for their capital (left chart below). The projected dynamics of Supplementary Leverage Exposure (SLE, the denominator of SLR) depends on the strategy of deposit attraction, the pace of balance sheet growth, and the intensity of the Fed's QE that fuels banks' reserves (included in the SLE). Should SLR become binding, US GSIBs are likely to issue preferred shares or potentially pull back on SLR-heavy businesses (e.g., repo or prime brokerage). Issuing additional shares would lead to a drop in earnings-per share (EPS): estimates on the right chart show that every additional 10 bps of SLR will result in 0.4%-0.9% decrease in EPS.

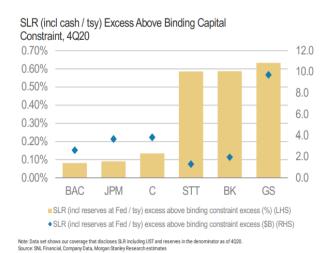


Exhibit 6: We estimate a median 50bp hit to EPS from preferred stock issuance necessary to add 10bps to SLR

Pref Issuance +10bps to SLR, EPS Impact

MSe 2021 (%)

0.0%

-0.2%

-0.4%

-0.6%

-1.0%

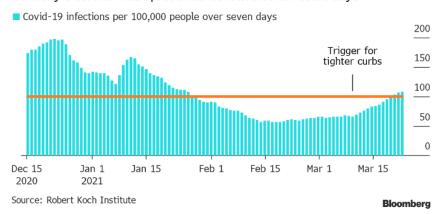
| Description | Description

Europe back to top

Prospects of more lockdowns are pushing stocks down across Europe. DAX (-0.5%), CAC 40 (-0.6%), EuroStoxx 600 (-0.5%), Italy's Titans 30 (-0.8%), and Spanish Ibex (-0.3%). Bank stocks (-0.7%) are slightly underperforming today, with losses across lenders in all countries. **BBVA (+0.3%)** is the exception, as it recovered some of yesterday's losses (-7.7%) on the back of concerns over the bank's exposures in Turkey. BBVA representatives restated the bank's "commitment to Turkey" and noted that the 10% depreciation of the lira would only have a 2-bps impact on BBVA's capital. The bank noted that is has hedged its FX risk to protect its earnings and capital.

German chancellor Merkel has ordered a new drastic lockdown over the Easter holiday. The chancellor noted that the strict measures are needed to contain an emerging third wave of infections as new variants of the virus are emerging. Infections in Germany have almost doubled in the last month.

Germany's coronavirus spread has accelerated in recent days



Signs of risk-off sentiment were visible today in sovereign and credit markets. Government bond yields edged lower across nations: 10-year yields in Germany at -0.34% (-3 bps); French OATs are at -0.9% (-3 bps); Italian at 0.63% (-2 bps); and Spanish at 0.32% (-1 bps). In credit markets, high-yield spreads are 30 bps higher than last week, while the IG index has widened 8 bps.

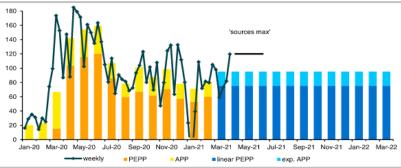




The latest ECB QE data show the central bank stepped up its bond purchases. Net PEPP purchases last week increased by €21.1 bn, pushing total PEPP holdings to €916.3 bn. President Lagarde recently noted that the ECB "stands ready to adjust all instruments, as appropriate".

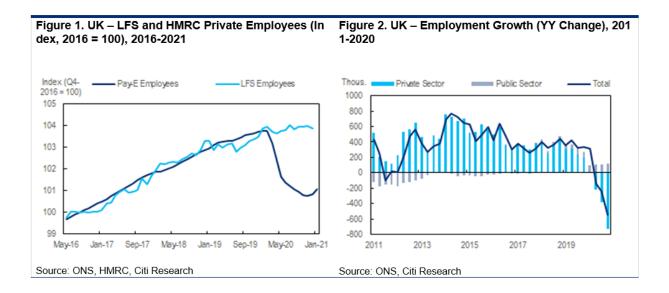
More today - less tomorrow?

Total ECB purchases across all programmes, actual monthly purchases and weekly purchases at monthly rate together with linear purchase pace for APP and remaining PEPP envelope, in €bn



Source: ECB, Bloomberg, Commerzbank Research

UK labor market data showed moderate signs of improvement in January. The employment rate inched down to 5.0% from 5.1%, while weekly earnings (ex-bonus) increased by 4.2% y/y from 4.1% the month prior. The marginal improvements could signal a turnaround from lackluster labor data in the three months to January, which saw large drops in employment and high rates of redundancies across sectors.

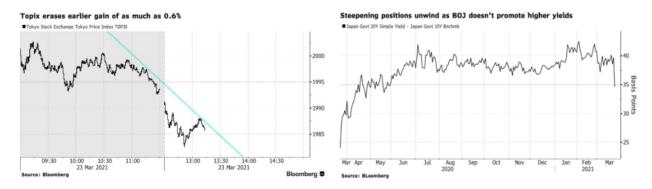


Other Mature Markets

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Japan

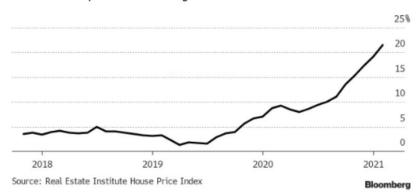
Equities fell -0.9%, erasing earlier gains, with banks underperforming. The Bank of Japan (BOJ) plans to stop buying exchange-traded funds (ETFs) linked to the Nikkei at the start of next month, according to Bloomberg. The central bank continued to purchase ETFs linked to the Nikkei 225 and JPX Nikkei 400 on Monday. 10-year JGB yield and the yen were unchanged while the yield curve closed at its flattest since May. The spread between the 10- and 20-year yields shrank to 36bps.



New Zealand

New Zealand's government will tighten regulations to curb property speculation. It will phase out the ability of investors to claim mortgage interest as a tax-deductible expense. The period in which profits on the sale of investment property are taxed will be lengthened to 10 years from 5 while caps on access to first-time home buyer grants will be increased. In addition, the government will unlock more land to increase housing supply. House prices have increased 21.5% in the year through February, with investors accounting for more than 40% of purchases that month, a record high, according to Bloomberg. **The New Zealand dollar depreciated -1.1%, 10-year bond yields fell -6.5 bps and equities rose +0.5%.**

Annual house-price inflation surges



Emerging Markets back to top

In Latin America, the Mexican peso underperformed depreciating by 0.5% as the selloff in Turkey put some pressure on major EM currencies. Swap rates were little changed with markets now pricing no rate cuts in 1H 2021 and ~50bps hikes in 2H ahead of the Banxico meeting on Thursday. Brazilian equities underperformed declining by 1.1% amid more negative COVID-19 headlines. Asian equities fell -0.8%, mainly driven by North Asian underperformance; regional currencies traded in narrow ranges while bond yields were lower. EMEA currencies and equities traded with a cautious tone. The Russian ruble (-1.4%) and South African rand (-0.7%) fell. The Turkish lira (-1.3%) is volatile but has not weakened beyond the widely watched level of 8 per U.S. dollar as state banks have reportedly supported the lira.

Key Emerging Market Financial Indicators

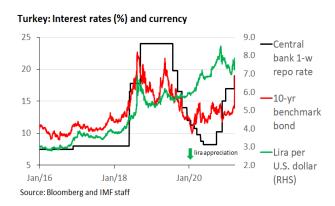
Last updated: Level Change												
Last updated:	Lev	eı										
3/23/21 8:08 AM	Last 12m	index	1 Day	7 Days	30 Days	12 M	YTD					
Major EM Benchmarks				Ç	%		%					
MSCI EM Equities		53.92	-1.4	0	-4	76	4					
MSCI Frontier Equities	man and a second	29.69	0.3	0	1	51	5					
EMBIG Sovereign Spread (in bps)	home	350	5	-5	1	-324	0					
EM FX vs. USD	whommy	56.52	-0.4	0	-2	7	-2					
Major EM FX vs. USD	%, (
China Renminbi	-	6.51	-0.1	0	-1	9	0					
Indonesian Rupiah	Marine Marine	14395	0.1	0	-2	15	-2					
Indian Rupee	Manyanna	72.43	-0.1	0	0	5	1					
Argentine Peso		91.57	-0.2	-1	-2	-30	-8					
Brazil Real	marray and	5.54	-0.6	1	-2	-7	-6					
Mexican Peso	morning	20.71	-0.6	0	-1	22	-4					
Russian Ruble	Mundan	75.99	-1.4	-4	-2	5	-2					
South African Rand	m	14.84	-0.8	0	-2	20	-1					
Turkish Lira	~~~~~	7.92	-1.5	-5	-10	-17	-6					
EM FX volatility	however	11.33	0.0	0.8	1.5	-3.2	0.6					

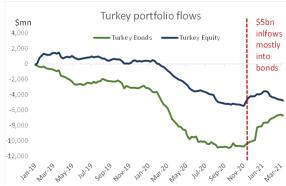
 $Colors \ denote \ tightening/easing \ financial \ conditions \ for \ observations \ greater \ than \ \pm 1.5 \ standard \ deviations. \ Data \ source: \ Bloomberg.$

Turkey

Financing conditions are tight as government bond yields remain elevated and offshore funding rates spiked. The lira (-1.3%) is volatile but has not weakened beyond the widely watched level of 8 per U.S. dollar as state banks have reportedly supported the lira in response to strong demand for U.S. dollars from hedge funds and real money investors. **Foreign investors had been net long Turkish assets ahead of this weekend's replacement of the central bank governor.** Foreign holdings of local bonds bottomed around 3% in Nov 2020, and offshore investors have increased their exposure to around 7% recently.

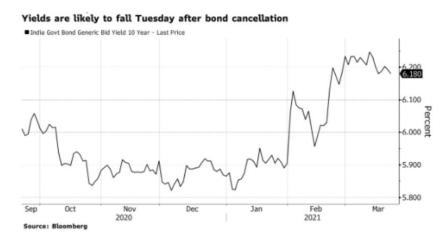
According to flow data from international banks, hedge funds and real money investors had increased their spot FX exposure to the lira meaningfully in recent months. The benchmark 10-yr government bond yield trades around 19% (up about 500 bps since Friday). The 1-yr rate for borrowing in lira against the U.S. dollar rose another 2 points to 32% today (from 18% on Friday). Offshore overnight funding rates in lira rose to 1500% as Turkish banks are expected to keep conditions tight in support of the lira. Equities (-2%) are lower but recovered from earlier losses after circuit breakers were triggered. Bank equities (-8%) underperformed. Contacts expect conditions to remain volatile during the ruling party's congress on Wednesday 24 March with press reports pointing to a high likelihood of a major cabinet reshuffle.





India

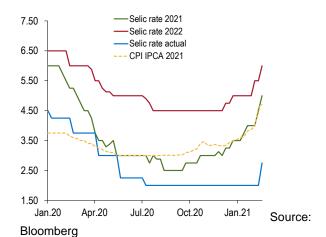
India canceled a weekly bond auction of INR200 bn (\$2.7 bn). The government decided to cancel the auction on review of its cash balances, according to a central bank statement released after Monday's market close. The next auction would take place on March 26. Some traders have been expecting a cancelation due to improving government revenues driven by an economic rebound. Separately, India's Supreme Court allowed lenders to resume classifying delinquent debt as bad loans. This reverses a ruling from September barring categorization of loans as non-performing. The top court also ordered that interest accumulated during a loan holiday last year be waived off for all borrowers. 10-year bond yields fell -3 bps, the Indian rupee gained (+0.1) and equities rose +0.5%.



Brazil

The BCB focus survey showed another increase for inflation expectations. The 2021 CPI IPCA survey forecasts have increased for 11 weeks in a row and now stand at 4.71% well above the 3.75% BCB target. Inflation forecasts for 2022, 2023 and 2024 remain close to BCB's target of 3.5%, 3.25% and 3.25% respectively. The benchmark Selic rate is expected to reach 5% by year-end, and 6% by end-2022. Both estimates were 50 bps higher from the week before and 100 bps higher from three weeks ago. Bloomberg also reported that the country's top financial sector executives, former central bank governors and key

businessmen urged political leaders to do more to fight the pandemic as the death toll continues to surge at a record pace and new cases made a new daily record at the end of last week.





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Global Financial Indicators

Last updated:	Leve	el					
3/23/21 8:06 AM	Last 12m	Latest	1 Day	7 Days	30 Days	12 M	YTD
Equities					%		%
United States	Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary	3941	0.7	-1	2	76	5
Europe	monmo	3831	-0.1	-1	4	54	8
Japan	and the same of th	28996	-0.6	-3	-4	72	6
China	Manual Ma	3412	-0.9	-1	-6	28	-2
Asia Ex Japan		94	-0.1	0	-5	75	5
Emerging Markets		54	-0.3	0	-4	76	4
Interest Rates				basis	points		
US 10y Yield	March March March 1988	1.64	-5.6	2	30	85	73
Germany 10y Yield	Mystronomica	-0.35	-3.5	-1	-3	3	22
Japan 10y Yield	hour manufa	0.08	-0.1	-2	-4	1	6
UK 10y Yield	an manual	0.78	-3.8	-1	6	35	58
Credit Spreads				basis	points		
US Investment Grade	Same and the same	98	0.1	-4	9	-253	3
US High Yield	hammen	362	3.0	4	13	-730	-18
Europe IG	Maryan	55	-0.2	8	5	-60	7
Europe HY	My	273	1.6	31	18	-418	31
EMBIG Sovereign Spread	manual	350	4.8	-5	1	-324	0
Exchange Rates					%		
USD/Majors	monmon	92.13	0.4	0	2	-10	2
EUR/USD	and the same	1.19	-0.4	0	-2	11	-3
USD/JPY	manneman	108.5	-0.3	0	3	-2	5
EM/USD	Market Ma	56.5	-0.4	0	-2	7	-2
Commodities					%		
Brent Crude Oil (\$/barrel)	No.	62	-3.8	-9	-5	130	20
Industrials Metals (index)	and the second	145	-1.1	1	-3	61	9
Agriculture (index)	- manufacture	51	-0.2	-2	-2	37	7
Implied Volatility					%		
VIX Index (%, change in pp)	hammunduch	19.5	0.6	-0.3	-3.6	-42.1	-3.2
US 10y Swaption Volatility	hammen	83.1	-1.2	-1.9	6.2	-68.8	23.0
Global FX Volatility	howman	8.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	-6.2	-0.1
EA Sovereign Spreads			10-Year spread vs. Germany (bps)				
Greece	My	122	-0.2	2	-2	-163	3
Italy	phomeone	97	1.4	1	1	-98	-14
Portugal	phy	54	1.0	1	-3	-79	-6
	physical -	66	1.1	1	-2	-47	4
Spain	My James	66	1.1	1	-2	-47	4

Colors denote $\frac{\text{tightening}}{\text{easing}}$ financial conditions for observations greater than ± 1.5 standard deviations. Data source: Bloomberg.

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Emerging Market Financial Indicators

Last updated:	Exchange Rates							Loc	al Curren	l Yields (GBI EM)				
3/23/2021	Leve	I	Change (in %)				Level Cha			ange (in basis points)				
8:09 AM	Last 12m	Latest	1 Day	7 Days	30 Days	12 M	YTD	Last 12m	Latest	1 Day	7 Days	30 Days	12 M	YTD
		vs. USD	(-	+) = EM a	ppreciatio	n			% p.a.					
China	- Amount	6.51	-0.1	-0.1	-1	9	0	~~~~~	3.3	-1.5	-3	-3	53	6
Indonesia	~~~~	14395	0.1	0.1	-2	15	-2	M	6.8	-1.5	3	15	-122	75
India	Mungama	72	-0.1	0.2	0	5	1	Marine	6.4	-3.3	-8	4	-18	50
Philippines	and a second	49	-0.1	0.0	0	6	-1	Marine M	4.0	24.3	28	56	-84	39
Thailand	~~~~	31	-0.2	-0.6	-3	6	-3	Lund.	2.0	-2.9	-4	29	21	67
Malaysia	manne	4.12	-0.2	-0.2	-2	8	-3	L	3.3	-1.0	-4	38	-30	74
Argentina		92	-0.2	-0.5	-2	-30	-8	m	45.2	-57.2	9	264	-2402	-1097
Brazil	Marrana	5.54	-0.6	1.5	-2	-7	-6	manner.	7.9	15.2	27	94	-3	228
Chile	marran mar	720	-0.5	1.2	-2	19	-1	mm	3.3	3.0	8	27	-39	51
Colombia	manne	3552	0.5	0.5	0	16	-3	hammer	6.2	0.0	29	79	-223	111
Mexico	manne	20.71	-0.6	-0.5	-1	22	-4	h	6.5	-1.8	23	46	-108	90
Peru	manne	3.7	0.1	-0.2	-2	-5	-3	Manner.	4.5	-0.3	-10	32	-101	89
Uruguay	Hyrarumer.	44	0.0	0.7	-3	1	-4		7.4	8.4	19	44	-359	18
Hungary	my	308	-0.3	0.3	-4	7	-4	Mayour	2.0	-4.6	-7	18	-13	49
Poland	manana	3.88	-0.7	-0.5	-4	11	-4	m	0.9	-2.3	-4	12	-70	21
Romania	mo	4.1	-0.4	-0.2	-2	10	-3	manage	2.7	-2.0	0	0	-230	-9
Russia	mannen	76.0	-1.4	-4.1	-2	5	-2	\	6.8	6.2	25	46	-68	109
South Africa	man	14.8	-0.8	0.3	-2	20	-1	M	10.2	0.0	11	33	-180	54
Turkey	~~~~~~	7.92	-1.5	-5.4	-10	-17	-6	لسمسمسا	18.7	407.5	391	533	596	554
US (DXY; 5y UST)	monumen	92	0.4	0.3	2	-10	2	Maran Maria	0.82	-4.2	-1	25	41	46

	Equity Markets							Bond Spreads on USD Debt (EMBIG)							
	Level		Change (in %)				Level		Change (in basis points)						
	Last 12m	Latest	1 Day	7 Days	30 Days	12 M	YTD	Last 12m	Latest	1 Day	7 Days	30 Days	12 M	YTD	
								basis points							
China		5009	-0.9	-1	-10	42	-4	L~~~~~	199	0	-2	-9	30	-9	
Indonesia		6253	-0.8	-1	0	57	5	m	158	0	-9	-25	-5	-29	
India	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	50051	0.6	-1	1	93	5	Marie Commence	154	0	-10	2	-258	3	
Philippines	monnon	6446	0.8	-2	-5	36	-10	harran	83	0	-9	-17	13	-22	
Malaysia	morning	1595	-1.3	-2	2	27	-2	~~~~~	113	0	-2	-3	9	3	
Argentina		49186	0.4	-3	3	106	-4	Money	1459	0	19	8	-570	91	
Brazil	Warner Comment	114979	-1.1	0	0	81	-3	Marin	253	0	0	-16	58	3	
Chile	many	4832	-0.5	-1	8	67	16	man man	126	0	-6	-16	-14	-18	
Colombia	mun	1325	0.0	-2	-2	44	-8	Munum	207	0	-4	-15	44	2	
Mexico	and and a second	47225	0.4	-1	4	43	7	Moment	348	0	-9	-34	55	-12	
Peru		21968	-1.1	-3	-5	56	6	man	133	0	-4	-3	22	1	
Hungary		43881	0.1	-1	2	42	4	and market	65	0	-6	-15	-42	-31	
Poland	manyman	57400	-0.7	-3	1	46	1		-22	0	-4	-11	-54	-21	
Romania	and a second	10874	-0.1	0	6	54	11	and and a second	192	2	0	-4	-188	-11	
Russia		3462	-0.8	-4	1	54	5	Munn	159	0	-5	-3	19	-7	
South Africa	, manufacture	65685	-0.3	-3	-2	63	11	My	357	0	-4	-35	25	-23	
Turkey	marran	1369	-0.7	-13	-10	63	-7	May Mary	421	0	-5	-47	34	-24	
Ukraine	L_1000°	517	0.0	0	-1	-1	3	haman_	479	0	12	-21	127	-12	
EM total	,	54	-1.4	0	-4	76	4	m	421	0	17	-10	97	128	

Colors denote tightening/easing financial conditions for observations greater than ±1.5 standard deviations. Data source: Bloomberg. back to top